

Notes to Data Tables

Keeping Track IX (2010)

Community Districts Characteristics

Total Population (2008), % White (2008), % Black (2008), % Latino (2008), % Asian (2008), % Others (2008), Latino Total (2008), Mexican (2008), Puerto Rican (2008), Cuban (2008), Honduran (2008), Columbian (2008), Ecuadorian (2008), Peruvian (2008), Dominican (2008), Other Latino (2008), Asian Total (2008), Asian Indian (2008), Chinese (2008), Filipino (2008), Japanese (2008), Korean (2008), Thai (2008), Vietnamese (2008) and Other Asian (2008)

Race percentages do not include Latinos. Other Latinos includes Costa Rican, Guatemalan, Nicaraguan, Panamanian, Salvadoran, Central American, Argentinean, Bolivian, Chilean, Paraguayan, Uruguayan, Venezuelan, South American, Spaniard, as well as other non-specified identities. Other Asians include Hawaiian, Cambodian, Laotian, Indonesian, Malaysian, Pakistani, Sri Lankan, as well as other non-specified and mixed identities.

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2008.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2009.

% Foreign Born (2006-2008)

Foreign born residents do not include those born in US territories, including Puerto Rico.

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2006-2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2009.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2010.

Total Population Under 18 Years (2008)

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2008.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2009.

Children Under 5 Years (2006-2008), Children 5-9 Years (2006-2008), Children 10-14 Years (2006-2008), and Children 15-17 Years (2006-2008)

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2006-2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2009.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2010.

% Children Under 18 Years White (2006-2008), % Children Under 18 Years Black (2006-2008), % Children Under 18 Years Latino (2006-2008), % Children Under 18 Years Asian American (2006-2008)

Race (White, Black, and Asian) and ethnicity (Latino) are mutually exclusive.

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2006-2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2010.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2010.

% Children (0-17) Foreign Born (2006-2008)

Foreign born residents do not include those born in US territories, including Puerto Rico.

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2006-2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2009.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2010.

% of Children 0-13 Who Live in Linguistically Isolated Households (2006-2008) This indicator identifies the percent of children under 14 years of age who live in households in which either no person age 14 or older speaks only English at home, or no person age 14 or older speaks a language other than English at home speaks English "very well." All members of such a household are considered linguistically isolated, even though children under 14 who speak only English may live there.

Children who live in group quarters are not included in this indicator.

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2006-2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2009.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2010.

Total Households (2008), Family Households (2008), Married-Couple Families (2008), Married-Couple Families with Own Child Under 18 Years (2008), Other Families (2008), Single Mom with Own Children Under 18 Years (2008), and Single Dad with Own Children Under 18 Years (2008)

Family households consist of families with two or more members. Other families are families consisting of two or more members which do not include married couples, or single mothers or fathers with own children under 18 years.

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2008.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2009.

Live Births (2007)

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2007.

Children Per Square Mile (2008)

The number of children under 18 years old divided by the number of square miles in each community district.

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2008.

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. The Department of City Planning. *Community District Needs Fiscal Year 2008 for Bronx, Brooklyn, Manhattan, Queens and Staten Island*. December 2006.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2009.

% Households with Income <\$15,000 (2008), % Households with Income \$15,000 to \$24,999 (2008), % Households with Income \$25,000 to \$34,999 (2008), % Households with Income \$35,000 to \$49,999 (2008), % Households with Income \$50,000 to \$74,999 (2008), and % Households with Income \$75,000 or More (2008), Median Household Income (2008)

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2008.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2009.

% Families with Income Under \$15,000 (2008), % Families with Income \$15,000 to \$24,999 (2008), % Families with Income \$25,000 to \$34,999 (2008), % Families with Income \$35,000 to \$49,999 (2008), % Families with Income \$50,000 to \$74,999 (2008), and % Families with Income \$75,000 or More (2008)

Family households consist of families with two or more members.

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2008.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2010.

% Total Population Below Federal Poverty Level (2008), % Households Below Federal Poverty Level (2008), % Children Under 18 Years Below Federal Poverty Level (2008)

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2008.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2009.

% Families with Children Under 18 Below Poverty Level (2008)

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2006-2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2009.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2010.

Adult Unemployment Rate (2009)

Data for Community Districts are derived by applying 2000 Census ratios to current data for each borough.

New York State Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Division of Research and Statistics. (unpublished data).

Number of Births Funded by Medicaid (2007), % of Births Funded by Medicaid (2007)

These figures represent the percentage of live births that were covered by Medicaid, for which pregnant women who are below 200% of the Federal Poverty Level qualify.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2000-2007.

Number of New York State Earned Income Tax Credit Claims (2007), Number of New York City Resident Earned Income Tax Credit Claims (2007), Number of New York State Child Care Tax Credit Claims (2007), Number of New York City Resident Child Care Tax Credit Claims (2007)

Data were provided at zip code level and converted to Community Districts by applying the fraction of residential units in the zip code which are also in the Community District. For this reason, data may not exactly match the borough match in figures 64-67.

Community Studies of New York, Inc./Infoshare. 2007 (unpublished data).

New York State Department of Taxation and Finance, Office of Tax Policy Analysis, Personal Income Tax. Unpublished data.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2009.

Children (0 -17) Receiving Cash Assistance (2008), % Children (0 -17) Receiving Cash Assistance (2008)

Number and percent of children under 18 years old receiving cash assistance in October of each year noted. Cash assistance was previously called public assistance.

The City of New York, Human Resources Administration, District Resource Statement, 2009.

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2008.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2009.

Income Support and Job Centers (2008)

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statements Human Resources Administration for Fiscal Years 2008 and 2009*.

Food Pantries (2009)

These figures include both food pantries and soup kitchens.

Portions of the Data were provided at zip code level and converted to Community Districts by applying the fraction of residential units in the zip code which are also in the Community District.

Community Studies of New York, Inc./Infoshare. 2009 (unpublished data).

The Food Bank for New York City. Unpublished data.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2009.

Percent of Households Have One or More Vehicles Available (2008)

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2008.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2009.

Percent of Home Ownership (2008)

The Housing and Vacancy Survey is organized by Sub-Borough Areas, which approximate, but are not perfectly coterminous with, the Community Districts. The following groups of Community Districts make up a single Sub-Borough Area and thus have identical information: M01 and M02; M04 and M05; B01 and B02; B03 and B06.

U.S. Bureau of the Census. New York City Housing and Vacancy Survey. 2008.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2009.

Percent of Luxury Rentals (2008)

The figure represents the percentage of rental apartments with monthly rent of \$2,000 or more.

The Housing and Vacancy Survey is organized by Sub-Borough Areas, which approximate, but are not perfectly coterminous with, the Community Districts. The following groups of Community Districts make up a single Sub-Borough Area and thus have identical information: M01 and M02; M04 and M05; B01 and B02; B03 and B06.

U.S. Bureau of the Census. New York City Housing and Vacancy Survey. 2008.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2009.

Percent Housing Vacancy (2008)

Unlike the official New York City Housing and Vacancy rate which refers to rental units only, these figures represent the total number of vacant units (dilapidated, non-dilapidated, units available for sale, units available for rent, and units not available for sale or rent) divided by the total number of units, both vacant and occupied.

The Housing and Vacancy Survey is organized by Sub-Borough Areas, which approximate, but are not perfectly coterminous with, the Community Districts. The following pairs of Community Districts make up a single Sub-Borough Area and thus have identical information: M01 and M02; M04 and M05; B01 and B02; B03 and B06.

U.S. Bureau of the Census. New York City Housing and Vacancy Survey. 2008.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2009.

Percentage of Home Loan Applications Accepted (2008)

Total of percent of applications accepted and denied does not equal 100, because loans can have other outcomes, which include being approved but not accepted, withdrawn by applicant, closed for incompleteness, or purchased by the institution.

U.S. Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council. Home Mortgage Disclosure Act. *Loan Application Register (LAR) Flat File*. 2008.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2009.

Percentage of Households Spent One Half or More Income on Rent (2008)

The Housing and Vacancy Survey is organized by Sub-Borough Areas, which approximate, but are not perfectly coterminous with, the Community Districts. The following pairs of Community Districts make up a single Sub-Borough Area and thus have identical information: M01 and M02; M04 and M05; B01 and B02; B03 and B06.

U.S. Bureau of the Census. New York City Housing and Vacancy Survey. 2008.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2009.

Percentage of Over-Crowded Rental Housing (2008)

Overcrowded housing is defined as units with one person or more per room. Rooms counted include only whole rooms, and not bathrooms, foyers, or partially divided rooms.

The Housing and Vacancy Survey is organized by Sub-Borough Areas, which approximate, but are not perfectly coterminous with, the Community Districts. The following pairs of Community Districts make up a single Sub-Borough Area and thus have identical information: M01 and M02; M04 and M05; B01 and B02; B03 and B06.

U.S. Bureau of the Census. New York City Housing and Vacancy Survey. 2008.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2009.

Fair to Poor Condition of Neighborhood Housing (2008)

The Housing and Vacancy Survey is organized by Sub-Borough Areas, which approximate, but are not perfectly coterminous with, the Community Districts. The following pairs of Community Districts make up a single Sub-Borough Area and thus have identical information: M01 and M02; M04 and M05; B01 and B02; B03 and B06.

U.S. Bureau of the Census. New York City Housing and Vacancy Survey. 2008.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2009.

Tier II Homeless Shelters (2009), Tier II Homeless Shelter Capacity (2009)

New York City Department of Homeless Services. Critical Activities Report: Average Daily Family Census. City Fiscal Years 2009.

Families Entering Homeless Shelters (2009)

Number of families originating in each community district who entered homeless shelters. City total includes families from unidentifiable community districts, as well as entrants from outside New York City. Families from unidentifiable community districts are distributed to community districts based on the percent of homeless families that are known to originate from each community district.

New York City Department of Homeless Services. 2009. Unpublished data.

Number of Structural Fires, Number of Structural Fires Per 1,000 Children (2008)

Number of structural fires, which include fires in residential, commercial, public or vacant buildings, alone and per 1,000 children 0-17 years.

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for the Fire Department for Fiscal Years 2008 and 2009*.

Fire Department Facilities (2008)

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for the Fire Department for Fiscal Years 2008 and 2009.*

Pounds of Toxic Air Emissions (2007)

These figures represent the pounds of toxic air emissions released per year in each community district, as reported by federally mandated facilities.

New York City Department of Environmental Protection. *2009 Annual Report: Hazardous Materials Management in New York City.*

Facilities Storing >10,000 lbs. of Hazardous Materials (2009), Facilities Per Square Mile Storing >10,000 lbs. of Hazardous Materials (2009)

These figures represent the number of facilities storing over 10,000 pounds of hazardous substances.

New York City Department of Environmental Protection. *2009 Annual Report: Hazardous Materials Management in New York City.*

Solid Waste Transfer Stations (2010)

Solid waste transfer stations include those that process putrescible waste (waste that has the potential to rot, such as household waste), non-putrescible waste (waste that does not have the potential to rot, such as construction debris) and fill waste (waste consisting mainly of earth from excavations).

The City of New York Department of Sanitation. Bureau of Public Information. 2010 (unpublished data).

Percentage of Streets Rated Acceptably Clean (2008)

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for the Department of Sanitation for Fiscal Years 2008 and 2009.*

Buildings Demolished (2008)

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for the Department of Housing Preservation and Development for Fiscal Years 2008 and 2009.*

Reported Violent Felonies (2008), Reported Violent Felonies Per 1,000 Residents (2008), Violent Felony Arrests (2008), Reported Felonies (2008), Reported Felonies Per 1,000 Residents (2008), Total Felony Arrests (2008), Felony Arrests Per 1,000 Residents (2008), Total Arrests (2008), Total Arrests Per 1,000 Residents (2008)

In the Bronx, Brooklyn, and Queens all police precincts are coterminous with the community districts, but this is not true for Manhattan and Staten Island. Therefore, reported violent felonies for precincts in Manhattan and Staten Island are allocated proportionately to the population they serve within the community districts.

City of New York Police Department. Office of Management Analysis and Planning. Crime Analysis Unit. (unpublished data), 2008.; and U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2008.

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NYPD Facilities (2009)

Includes Police Precincts, Transit Districts, and Housing Policy Service Areas.

New York City Police Department. Addresses accessed online and over the phone.

Children Per Park Acre (2009)

These figures represent the number of children (18 years and under) divided by the number of park acres in each community district. The number of park acres includes only parks and playgrounds. Parks that span more than one community district are divided among the community districts that they span.

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for the Department of Parks and Recreation for Fiscal Year 2009 and 2010.* 2010

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander.

Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2008.

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Playgrounds (2008), Ball Fields (2008), Public Indoor and Outdoor Swimming Pools (2008), Public Tennis Courts (2008)

Borough totals for these facilities may be higher than the sums of the community districts because of the existence of facilities in large parks which are not considered to be located within any community district.

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for the Department of Parks and Recreation for Fiscal Years 2008 and 2009.*

Public Recreation Centers (2009)

Public Recreation Centers were referred to as "Public Recreation Areas" in the previous edition of *Keeping Track*.

Data accessed online at <http://www.nycgovparks.org/facilities/recreationcenters>. Data accessed on May 7, 2009.

Public Library Branches (2008)

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for The Libraries for Fiscal Years 2008 and 2009.*

Public Library Books Per Child (2008)

Number of children's and youth books in public libraries, excluding the central and reference libraries, divided by the number of children (0-17 years) in each community district.

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for The Libraries for Fiscal Years 2008 and 2009.*

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2008.

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Number of Bank Branches (2009), Total Bank Deposits (2009), Average Deposit Per Bank Branch (2009), Per Capita (16 Years & Over) Deposit (2009)

Per Capita Deposits is calculated by dividing the total bank deposit in each community district by the number of residents 16 years and over.

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. *Summary of Deposits Survey, Filing for June 30, 2009.*

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2008.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2009.

Laundromats (2009)

The New York City Department of Consumer Affairs. 2009 (unpublished data).

Supermarkets and Grocery Stores (2009), Square Feet of Supermarkets and Grocery Stores per 10,000 Residents (2009)

Does not include spaces of less than 10,000 square feet, other than chain food retailers.

The New York State Department of Agriculture and Markets. 2009 (unpublished data).

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2008.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2009.

Farmers Markets (2009)

Information in Keeping Track is a compilation of the list from Farmers' Market Federation of New York and the list from The New York State Department of Agriculture. Two farmers' markets were listed only on the Farmers' Market Federation site, and three were listed only on the New York State Department of Agriculture site. The rest of the Farmers' Markets were listed on both sites.

Farmers' Market Federation of New York and The New York State Department of Agriculture. Data accessed online at www.nyfarmersmarket.com and <http://www.agmkt.state.ny.us/AP/CommunityFarmersMarkets.asp> on 8/20/09.

Community Supported Agriculture Programs (2009)

Just Food. Data accessed online at www.justfood.org, on 4/10/09 and is current as of 3/25/09.

Business Improvement Districts (2009)

New York City Department of Small Business Services. Data accessed online at www.nyc.gov/sbs on January 15, 2009.

Settlement Houses (2009)

United Neighborhood Houses of New York. Data accessed online at www.unhny.org on January 15, 2009.

Community Development Corporations (2008)

Enterprise Foundation is unpublished and current as of December 21, 2008. Local Initiatives Support Corporation accessed 1/16/09.

The Enterprise Foundation. 2008 (unpublished data); and Local Initiatives Support Corporation. 2008 (unpublished data).

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2009.

No Prenatal Care (2007), Percent No Prenatal Care (2007), Late Prenatal Care (2007), Percent Late Prenatal Care (2007), Late or No Prenatal Care (2007), Percent Late or No Prenatal Care (2007)

Percentage of births to women who did not receive prenatal care, late prenatal care, or either one of the two.

Late prenatal care is defined as care begun in the third trimester or seventh to ninth month of pregnancy.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2007.

Low Birthweight Babies (2005), Percent Low Birthweight Babies (2007)

Percent live births recorded as low birthweight at delivery (less than 2,500 grams or 5.8 pounds).

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2007.

Infant Mortality Rate (2007)

Number of infant deaths (under one year of age) per 1,000 live births.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2007.

Percent of Mothers Smoked/Drank Alcohol During Pregnancy (2007)

This figure represents the percent of mothers who smoked or drank alcohol during pregnancy.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2007.

Percent of Births to Single Mom (2007)

Percent of births to unmarried women.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2007.

Number of Asthma Hospitalizations (2008), Asthma Hospitalization Rate (2008), Number of Acute Respiratory Infection Hospitalizations (2008), Acute Respiratory Infection Hospitalization Rate (2008), Number of Pneumonia Hospitalizations (2008), Pneumonia Hospitalization Rate (2008)

Number of hospitalizations, and number of hospitalizations per 1,000 children 0-17 years, for each illness.

New York State Department of Health, Bureau of Biometrics, *2008 SPARCS Administratively Releasable Inpatient and Outpatient Files*.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2009.

Children 0-3 with High Blood Lead Levels, per 1,000 Tested (2008)

Rate of children, less than 3 years, newly identified with blood lead levels greater than or equal to 10 µg/dL, per 1,000 children tested for lead poisoning, by borough and community district.

Calculated rates by community district may be higher than actual rates due to a significant number of test records for which community district could not be determined. In 2008, 17% of test records were not assigned.

Caution should be used in interpreting rates due to small numbers of identified cases (<20 children) in the following community districts: Manhattan 1 through 11; Bronx 1 through 8, 10, and 11; Brooklyn 2, 7 through 10, 13, 16, and 18; Queens 2, 6 through 8, 10, 11, and 14; and Staten Island 2 and 3.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Lead Poisoning Prevention Program. 2008.

Estimated Number of Seriously Emotionally Disturbed Youth (2008)

Based on Federal prevalence estimate that 11-13 percent of youth 9-17 years in New York State have a serious emotional disturbance (SED). To calculate this estimate we used an average of 12 percent.

United States Department of Health and Human Services. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. "Estimation Methodology for Children with a Serious Emotional Disturbance." *Federal Register*, Vol. 62, No. 193, page 5213. October 6, 1997.

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2006-2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2009.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2010.

% of Children (0-17) Without Health Insurance (2008)

This figure represents the percent of children who had any health insurance coverage when they were interviewed, as measured by employer-provided insurance, privately purchased insurance, Medicare, Medicaid or other governmental insurance, TRICARE or other military care, or Veterans Administration-provided insurance.

Data from this figure may differ from that in figure 153, which uses Current Population survey data, and counts only those who did not have health insurance at any point in the past year as uninsured (even if they were insured when interviewed).

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2005-2007 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2008.

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Voluntary or HHC Hospitals (2009)

Data current as of July 1, 2009.

United Hospital Fund of New York. Directory of Hospitals. Accessed online at www.health.state.ny.us/nysdoh/hcra/provider/provhosp.htm.

Child Health Services (2009)

Child Health Services includes any location that provides health care services for children, and includes child health clinics and hospitals.

New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation. Child Health and Pediatric Communicare Clinic Directory. Data accessed of January 20, 2009 at www.nyc.gov/html/hhc/html/community/childhealth.shtml.

Mental Health Programs Serving Both Children and Adolescents (2009), Mental Health Programs: Child-Only (2009), Mental Health Programs: Adolescent-Only (2009)

Includes all locations where services are available, including satellite locations. This accounts for the increase since the last edition of *Keeping Track*, which counted only main program offices.

New York State Department of Mental Health. Inpatient and Outpatient Programs for Children and Youth. 2009 (unpublished data).

Mental Health Family Support Sites (2010)

The Department of Health and Mental Hygiene is in the process of remodeling their support service system, which accounts for the decrease in sites from past years. A new model is currently being implemented, and program locations will likely change in the near future as a result of this remodeling.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Bureau of Child & Adolescent Services. Data is current as of February 22, 2010.

Subsidized Child Care Center Capacity (Under 5) (2009)

This figure shows the capacity for subsidized Center (sometimes called “Group”) child care for children under five. It includes voucher and contracted care. Data is for the 2009-10 school year.

New York City Administration for Children’s Services. Division of Child Care and Head Start (unpublished data).

Subsidized Family Child Care Capacity (Under 5) (2009)

This figure shows the capacity for subsidized Family child care for children under five. It includes voucher and contracted care. Data is for the 2009-10 school year.

New York City Administration for Children’s Services. Division of Child Care and Head Start (unpublished data).

Subsidized Informal Child Care Capacity (Under 5) (2009)

This figure shows the capacity for subsidized informal child care for children under five. It includes only care funded through vouchers. Data is for the 2009-10 school year.

New York City Administration for Children’s Services. Division of Child Care and Head Start (unpublished data).

ACS School Age Child Care (5-13) (2009)

This figure shows the capacity for school age (ages 5-13) child care. It includes Center, Family, and informal care, and includes care funded through vouchers or contracts. Data is for the 2009-10 school year.

New York City Administration for Children’s Services. Division of Child Care and Head Start (unpublished data).

Head Start Capacity (2009)

Early Head Start Capacity (2009)

This includes Head Start programs funded through direct federal grants as well as those funded through the Administration for Children’s Services. Early Head Start programs are only funded through direct federal grants, and include slots for children as well as expecting mothers. Data does not include slots funded through stimulus money.

New York City Administration for Children's Services, Head Start program. (ACS administered programs); U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Region II. (Privately administered programs). (Unpublished data).

Universal Pre-Kindergarten: ACS Community Based (2009-2010), DOE Community Based (non-ACS) UPK (2009-2010), DOE Public School UPK (2009-2010), and Total Universal Pre-Kindergarten (2009-2010)

The figure represents an estimated number of slots contracted by program type, not the actual enrollment.

New York City Administration for Children’s Services. Division of Child Care and Head Start; and New York City Department of Education. Office of Early Childhood Education. Division of Teaching and Learning. Data is for the 2009-2010 school year. (unpublished data).

Shortage of Subsidized Early Childhood Education Capacity (2009)

This is the estimated shortage of subsidized early childhood education capacity for children under five years of age who are income eligible for subsidized child care (determined by a household income of 200% or below the Federal Poverty Level). Subsidized early childhood education slots in this calculation include ACS's contracted child care center capacity for children under five, ACS's contracted family provider capacity for children under five, ACS vouchers for children under five (which includes vouchers for centers, family providers and informal providers), and Head Start and Early Head Start capacity (Early Head Start slots for pregnant mothers only are excluded). The children who receive Universal Pre-Kindergarten (UPK) through ACS are already counted in the child care and/or Head Start capacity.

However, this capacity estimate does not include Universal Pre-Kindergarten (UPK) slots provided by DOE (in schools and through CBOs contracting with the DOE). There is no way to know how many of the children receiving UPK through the DOE are income eligible for subsidized child care or Head Start. UPK is open to all four year olds regardless of income and is administered by the Department of Education (DOE).

Negative numbers indicate that there are more early childhood education slots than there are eligible children in that community district. It is important to note that children do not always attend early childhood education programs in their community, as some children attend programs near their parent's place of employment.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. Division of Child Care and Head Start.; U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Region II. (All data is unpublished.)

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2006-2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2009.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2010.

Number of Youth Program Sites (2009)

Partnership for After School Education. *New York City Family Guide to Afterschool Programs*. 2009. Data accessed online on 10/27/09.

Citizens' Committee for Children. 2009.

Department of Youth and Community Development (DYCD) Program Services/Sites (2009)

Data includes the following programs: OST, Beacons, Beacon Satellites, Teen Action, and Neighborhood Development Area Programs for High School and Middle School Youth.

These are enrollment, not capacity, numbers. However, enrollment numbers are very close to capacity numbers, since DYCD is at full capacity. In some cases, enrollment may be higher than capacity, since some programs are over-enrolled. Enrollment numbers refer to the enrollment that DYCD programs are budgeted for; therefore, they are not cumulative, but in theory are point-in-time data. (For example, if a program is budgeted for 200, the enrollment number will be 200; 300 children may be served throughout the year, but the program will not serve more than 200 children at a time.)

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for the Department of Youth and Community Development for Fiscal Years 2009 and 2010*. 2010.

YMCA/YWCA/YMHA Branches (2009)

YMCA: www.ymca.net; YWCA: www.ywca.org; YM/YWHA: www.ujafedny.org. Data accessed January 15, 2009.

The After School Corporation (TASC) Sites (2009), The After School Corporation (TASC) Enrollment (2009)

The After School Corporation. 2009 (unpublished data).

Public Elementary Schools (2009), Public Middle/Junior High Schools (2009)

These figures do not include charter schools or District 75 schools.

New York City Department of Education. Accessed online at <http://nycenet.edu/OurSchools>.

Births to Teen Mothers (<20 years) (2007), Births to Teen Mothers (14-16 Years) (2007), Births to Teen Mothers (17-19 Years) (2007)

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2007.

Percent Births to Teen Mothers (2007)

Teen birth rate is the number of births to teens age 15-19 per 1,000 girls age 15-19.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2007.

Juvenile Arrests (Under 16 Years) (2008), Youth Arrests (16-20 Years) (2008)

In the Bronx, Brooklyn, and Queens all police precincts are coterminous with the community districts. This is not true for Manhattan and Staten Island, and therefore the number of juveniles and youth who were arrested in precincts in Manhattan and Staten Island were divided proportionately according to the population served within each community district.

New York City Police Department. Office of Management Analysis and Planning. Crime Analysis and Program Planning Section. 2008 (unpublished data).

Youth 16-19 Unemployed (2006-2008), Youth 16-19 Not in School and Not in Labor Force (2006-2008), Youth 16-19 Not in School and Not HS Graduate (2006-2008)

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2006-2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2010.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2010.

Arrests for Endangering the Welfare of a Child per 1,000 Children (2008)

These figures are for the calendar years noted. These figures represent misdemeanor charges as per New York State Penal Law, and include all adult perpetrators, not limited to parents.

New York City Police Department. 2008 (unpublished data).

Number of Reports of Abuse and Neglect (2008), Reports of Abuse and Neglect per 1,000 Children (2008)

Due to a January 2004 State OCFS procedure, ACS began to report the number of consolidated investigations instead of the number of reports in 2004. The number of consolidated investigations excludes those reports that have been consolidated according to the OCFS procedure, which requires local districts to consolidate certain reports based on a set of identified criteria. This state procedure helps local districts no longer count reports of the same incident more than once and no longer do a second investigation of reports of the same incident, based on the state criteria. Data before 2004 are of Reports of Abuse or Neglect and data after 2004 are Consolidated Investigations of Abuse or Neglect.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2009. Accessed online at ACS website.

Number of Children Abused and Neglected (2008)

Number of Children Abused and Neglected per 1,000 Children (2008)

A single report of abuse or neglect may involve one than one child. These numbers represents the actual number of children reported as abused and neglected, as well as the rate per 1,000 children.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2009. Accessed online at ACS website.

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2008.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2009.

Percent of Reports of Abuse and Neglect Indicated (2008)

Number of Reports of Abuse and Neglect Indicated (2008)

An indicated report is one in which it has been determined that an instance of child abuse or neglect has occurred.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2009. Accessed online at ACS website.

Active Preventive Service Cases (2008)

Number of families receiving preventive services as of December, 2008.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2009. Accessed online at ACS website.

New Purchased Preventive Service Cases (2008)

Cumulative for 2008 calendar year. Also known as "New Purchased Preventive Service Cases" or "Prevented Cases Opened."

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2009 (unpublished data).

Number of Children in Foster Care (2009)

Number of children in foster care as of May, 2009.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2009. Accessed online at ACS website.

Children in Foster Care Per 1,000 Children (2009)

These figures represent the total number of children in the foster care system per 1,000 children 0-17 years in each community district.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2009. Accessed online at ACS website.

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2008.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2009.

Number of Children Entering Foster Care (2008)

These figures represent the number of children who entered the foster care system in 2008.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2009. Accessed online at ACS website.

Foster Care Entrants Per 1,000 Children Per 1,000 Children (2008)

These figures represent the number of foster care entrants per 1,000 children (0-17 years) in each community district.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2009. Accessed online at ACS website.

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2008 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Steven Ruggles, Matthew Sobek, Trent Alexander, Catherine A. Fitch, Ronald Goeken, Patricia Kelly Hall, Miriam King, and Chad Ronnander. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 4.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center [producer and distributor], 2008.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2009.

Children Entered Foster Care in CD of Origin (2008), % of Children Entered Foster Care in CD of Origin (2008)

These figures represent the number and percent of children entering foster care in 2008 who were placed within the community district in which they previously lived.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. Division of Management and Planning. Office of Management, Development and Research. 2008 (unpublished data).

Number of Children Placed in Foster Boarding Homes (2008), Number of Children in Foster Boarding Homes (2009), Number of Children Placed in Kinship Homes (2008), Number of Children in Kinship Homes (2009), Number of Children Placed in Congregate Care (2008), Number of Children in Congregate Care (2009)

Data for children placed in foster care is cumulative for the 2008 calendar year. Data for children in foster care is point-in-time as of May 2009.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2009. Community snapshots accessed online at ACS website.

Community School Districts

Each school is included in either the elementary (grades K-5), middle (grades 6-8), or high school (grades 9-12) category. For schools with grades that span more than one category, the category was determined based on which category the majority of grades was represented.

Charter schools are not included in the school district or citywide values. Fifty-seven elementary or middle schools and four high schools were identified as charter schools, based on schools with “Charter” in their name.

For students meeting state and city reading and math standards, data was suppressed by the Department of Education for any group in a school in which fewer than five students from that group met standards. This results in a good deal of missing data.

The most recent education data included in this edition of Keeping Track are not all from the same school year. In each case, the year is noted along with the subject.

Race and ethnicity are mutually exclusive; race categories do not include Latinos.

Some notes about the graduation data in the High School table: Local diplomas are awarded to students who receive a 55-64 on the 5 basic Regents (Math A, ELA, Global History, U.S. History, & Living Environment); Local Regents diplomas are awarded to students who receive 65+ on the 5 basic Regents; Advanced Regents diplomas are awarded to students who receive a 65+ on all 8 Regents exams. “Graduates Received Regents Diploma” includes students who received local and advanced Regents diplomas.

Annenberg Institute for School Reform at Brown University. *2007-2008 Annual School Report*, SPSS file converted from New York City Department of Education’s Annual School Report Access database. 2009.

Keeping Track VIII (2008)

Community District Characteristics

Total Population (2006), % White (2006), % African American (2006), % Latino (2006), % Asian (2006), % Others (2006), Latino Total (2006), Mexican (2006), Puerto Rican (2006), Cuban (2006), Other Latino (2006), Asian Total (2006), Asian Indian (2006), Chinese (2006), Filipino (2006), Japanese (2006), Korean (2006), Thai (2006), Vietnamese (2006) and Other Asian (2006)

Race categories do not include Latinos. Data on nationalities included in Other Latino were not available for this edition of *Keeping Track*. Other Asians include Cambodians, Hmong, and Laotians, as well as other identities.

Claritas, 2006.

Citizens’ Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

Total Population Under 18 Years (2006), Children Under 5 Years (2006), Children 5-9 Years (2006), Children 10-14 Years (2006), and Children 15-17 Years (2006)

Claritas, 2006.

Citizens’ Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

% Children Under 18 Years White (2006), % Children Under 18 Years African American (2006), % Children Under 18 Years Latino (2006), and % Children Under 18 Years Asian American (2006)

The white, African American and Asian categories are not ethnically exclusive, meaning they may include Latinos. Latino children may be of any race. The previous edition of *Keeping Track* used ethnically exclusive race categories, meaning that Latinos were counted either as Latino, white, African American, or Asian, but could not be counted under two categories.

Claritas, 2006.

Citizens’ Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

Total Households (2006), Family Households (2006), Married-Couple Families (2006), Married-Couple Families with Own Child Under 18 Years (2006), Other Families (2006), Single Mom with Own Children Under 18 Years (2006), and Single Dad with Own Children Under 18 Years (2006)

Data on family composition by race/ethnicity were not available for this year.

Claritas, 2006.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

Live Births (2005)

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2005.

Children Per Square Mile (2006)

The number of children under 18 years old divided by the number of square miles in each community district.

Claritas, 2006.

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. The Department of City Planning. *Community District Needs Fiscal Year 2008 for Bronx, Brooklyn, Manhattan, Queens and Staten Island*. December 2006.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

% Households with Income <\$15,000 (2006), % Households with Income \$15,000 to \$24,999 (2006), % Households with Income \$25,000 to \$34,999 (2006), % Households with Income \$35,000 to \$49,999 (2006), % Households with Income \$50,000 to \$74,999 (2006), and % Households with Income \$75,000 or More (2006)

Claritas, 2006.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

Median Household Income (2005)

U.S. Bureau of the Census. New York City Housing and Vacancy Survey. 2005.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

% Families with Income Under \$15,000 (2006), % Families with Income \$15,000 to \$24,999 (2006), % Families with Income \$25,000 to \$34,999 (2006), % Families with Income \$35,000 to \$49,999 (2006), % Families with Income \$50,000 to \$74,999 (2006), and % Families with Income \$75,000 or More (2006)

Claritas, 2006.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

% Families at Self-Sufficiency Standard (2005)

The figure represents an estimate of the percentage of families who have sufficient income to meet their basic needs adequately without public or private assistance. The calculation is based on the Self-Sufficiency Standard by locality for NYC prepared by the Women's Center for Education and Career Advancement. The variables included in determining the Self-Sufficiency Standard are: housing, child care, food, transportation, health care, miscellaneous costs, and taxes. The calculation is based on the estimated proportions of household size and makeup within each community district. The monetary values in the standard have been converted to 2007 constant dollars in order to compare with 2007 family incomes.

Women's Center for Education and Career Advancement, *The Self-Sufficiency Standard for the City of New York 2004*. January 2005.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

% Children Under 18 Years Below Poverty Level (2006)

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2006 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center. <http://usa.ipums.org/usa/>.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2007.

% Families with Children Under 18 Below Poverty Level (2006)

Claritas, 2006.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

Adult Unemployment Rate (2006)

Data for Community Districts are derived by applying 2000 Census ratios to current data for each borough.

New York State Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Division of Research and Statistics. (unpublished data).

Children Born into Poor Families (2005), Percentage of Children Born into Poor Families (2005)

These figures represent the percentage of live births that were covered by Medicaid, for which pregnant women who are below 200% of the Federal Poverty Level qualify.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2005.

Number of New York State Earned Income Tax Credit Claims (2005), Number of New York City Resident Earned Income Tax Credit Claims (2005)

Data were provided at zip code level and converted to Community Districts by applying the fraction of residential units in the zip code which are also in the Community District.

Community Studies of New York, Inc./Infoshare. 2007 (unpublished data).

New York City Department of Consumer Affairs. 2005 (unpublished data).

Children Receiving Public Assistance (2006), Percentage of Children Receiving Public Assistance (2006)

The City of New York, Human Resources Administration. *District Resource Statement for Fiscal Year 2007.*; and Claritas, 2006.

Women Receiving WIC (2006)

These figures represent the number of low-income pregnant, breastfeeding, and non-breastfeeding postpartum women who received WIC in 2006.

Data were provided at zip code level and converted to Community Districts by applying the fraction of residential units in the zip code which are also in the Community District.

Community Studies of New York, Inc./Infoshare. 2007 (unpublished data).

New York State Department of Health. Division of Nutrition. Bureau of Analysis and Evaluation. Evaluation and Analysis Unit. *2006 Estimated WIC Eligibles and Unmet Need Report.*

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2005 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center. <http://usa.ipums.org/usa/>.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

Percentage of Infants Receiving WIC (2006)

The number of infants under one year old receiving WIC in 2006 divided by the total number of children under age one.

Data were provided at zip code level and converted to Community Districts by applying the fraction of residential units in the zip code which are also in the Community District.

Community Studies of New York, Inc./Infoshare. 2007 (unpublished data).

New York State Department of Health. Division of Nutrition. Bureau of Analysis and Evaluation. Evaluation and Analysis Unit. *2006 Estimated WIC Eligibles and Unmet Need Report.*

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2005 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center. <http://usa.ipums.org/usa/>.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

Percentage of Children Receiving WIC (2006)

The number of children one to five years old receiving WIC in 2006 divided by the total number of children one to five years old. Data were provided at zip code level and converted to Community Districts by applying the fraction of residential units in the zip code which are also in the Community District.

Community Studies of New York, Inc./Infoshare. 2007 (unpublished data).

New York State Department of Health. Division of Nutrition. Bureau of Analysis and Evaluation. Evaluation and Analysis Unit. 2006 *Estimated WIC Eligibles and Unmet Need Report*.

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2005 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center. <http://usa.ipums.org/usa/>.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

Income Support and Job Centers (2007)

New York City Human Resources Administration. Family Independence Administration. Job Center Sites as of September 2007. Accessed online at www.nyc.gov/html/hra/html/family_independence/job_center_sites.shtml.

Emergency Food Assistance Meals Served to Children (0-17) (2006)

These numbers are the total number of meals served to children served at food pantries and soup kitchens in 2006. Multiple meals may be served to a single child during the course of the year. Children may also receive emergency food assistance outside of their community district of residence.

The increase in the number of meals served to children at emergency food programs (including soup kitchens and food pantries) since the last edition of Keeping Track may be related to an increase in the number of working families and families with higher incomes accessing food assistance. Analysis from the Food Bank for New York City indicates that a larger percentage of working emergency food program households have children than non-working households.

Portions of the Data were provided at zip code level and converted to Community Districts by applying the fraction of residential units in the zip code which are also in the Community District.

Community Studies of New York, Inc./Infoshare. 2007 (unpublished data).

The Food Bank for New York City. Child Hunger 2006 (unpublished data); and Claritas, 2006.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2007.

Food Pantries (2006)

These figures include both food pantries and soup kitchens.

Portions of the Data were provided at zip code level and converted to Community Districts by applying the fraction of residential units in the zip code which are also in the Community District.

Community Studies of New York, Inc./Infoshare. 2007 (unpublished data).

The Food Bank for New York City. Child Hunger 2006 (unpublished data).

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2007.

Percentage of Households Have One or More Vehicles Available (2006)

Claritas, 2006.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2007.

Percent Home Ownership (2005)

These numbers represent the percent of homes that are owned or being bought.

The Housing and Vacancy Survey is organized by Sub-Borough Areas, which approximate, but are not perfectly coterminous with, the Community Districts. The following pairs of Community Districts make up a single Sub-Borough Area and thus have identical information: M01 and M02; M04 and M05; B01 and B02; B03 and B06.

U.S. Bureau of the Census. New York City Housing and Vacancy Survey. 2005.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

Percent Luxury Rentals (2005)

Luxury rentals are defined as rental units with a monthly rent of \$2,000 or more.

The Housing and Vacancy Survey is organized by Sub-Borough Areas, which approximate, but are not perfectly coterminous with, the Community Districts. The following pairs of Community Districts make up a single Sub-Borough Area and thus have identical information: M01 and M02; M04 and M05; B01 and B02; B03 and B06.

Community Studies of New York, Inc./Infoshare. 2007 (unpublished data).

U.S. Bureau of the Census. New York City Housing and Vacancy Survey. 2005.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

Percent Housing Vacancy (2005)

Unlike the official New York City Housing and Vacancy rate which refers to rental units only, these figures represent the total number of vacant units (dilapidated, non-dilapidated, units available for sale, units available for rent, and units not available for sale or rent) divided by the total number of units, both vacant and occupied.

The Housing and Vacancy Survey is organized by Sub-Borough Areas, which approximate, but are not perfectly coterminous with, the Community Districts. The following pairs of Community Districts make up a single Sub-Borough Area and thus have identical information: M01 and M02; M04 and M05; B01 and B02; B03 and B06.

U.S. Bureau of the Census. New York City Housing and Vacancy Survey. 2005.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

Percentage of Home Loan Applications Accepted (2005)

U.S. Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council. Home Mortgage Disclosure Act. Loan Application Register (LAR) & Transmittal Sheet (TS) Raw Data. 2005.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

Percentage of Households Spent One Half or More Income on Rent (2005)

The Housing and Vacancy Survey is organized by Sub-Borough Areas, which approximate, but are not perfectly coterminous with, the Community Districts. The following pairs of Community Districts make up a single Sub-Borough Area and thus have identical information: M01 and M02; M04 and M05; B01 and B02; B03 and B06.

U.S. Bureau of the Census. New York City Housing and Vacancy Survey. 2005.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

Percentage of Over-Crowded Rental Housing (2005)

These figures represent the number of rental units occupied by one or more people per room.

The Housing and Vacancy Survey is organized by Sub-Borough Areas, which approximate, but are not perfectly coterminous with, the Community Districts. The following pairs of Community Districts make up a single Sub-Borough Area and thus have identical information: M01 and M02; M04 and M05; B01 and B02; B03 and B06.

U.S. Bureau of the Census. New York City Housing and Vacancy Survey. 2005.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

Fair to Poor Condition of Neighborhood Housing (2005)

The Housing and Vacancy Survey is organized by Sub-Borough Areas, which approximate, but are not perfectly coterminous with, the Community Districts. The following pairs of Community Districts make up a single Sub-Borough Area and thus have identical information: M01 and M02; M04 and M05; B01 and B02; B03 and B06.

U.S. Bureau of the Census. New York City Housing and Vacancy Survey. 2005.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

Tier II Homeless Shelters (2004), Tier II Homeless Shelter Capacity (2007)

New York City Department of Homeless Services. Critical Activities Report: Average Daily Family Census. City Fiscal Years 2007.

Lead Paint Violations (2006), Lead Paint Violations Per 1,000 Children (2006)

Includes children 1-4 years old.

Data are much higher than previous years because of Local Law 1, and a new program, T-CEP, which works with Council members to target neighborhoods and do basement-to-roof inspections of all buildings in a neighborhood. (Prior to this, violations were cited only when an inspector visited because of a complaint being made.)

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for the Department of Housing Preservation and Development for Fiscal Years 2006 and 2007*. 2007; and NYC data: New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. *Summary of Vital Statistics*. 2005; and U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2005 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center. <http://usa.ipums.org/usa/>.

Number of Structural Fires, Number of Structural Fires Per 1,000 Children (2005)

Number of structural fires, which include fires in residential, commercial, public or vacant buildings, per 1,000 children 0-18 years.

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for the Fire Department for Fiscal Years 2005 and 2006*. 2006.

Fire Department Facilities (2005)

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for the Fire Department for Fiscal Years 2005 and 2006*. 2006.

Pounds of Toxic Air Emissions (2003)

These figures represent the pounds of toxic air emissions released per year in each community district, as reported by federally mandated facilities.

New York City Department of Environmental Protection. *2005 Annual Report: Hazardous Materials Management in New York City*. 2005.

Facilities Storing >10,000 lbs. of Hazardous Materials (2006), Facilities Per Square Mile Storing >10,000 lbs. of Hazardous Materials (2006)

These figures represent the number of facilities storing over 10,000 pounds of hazardous substances.

New York City Department of Environmental Protection. *2006 Annual Report: Hazardous Materials Management in New York City*. 2006.

Solid Waste Transfer Stations (2007)

Solid waste transfer stations include those that process putrescible waste (waste that has the potential to rot, such as household waste), non-putrescible waste (waste that does not have the potential to rot, such as construction debris) and fill waste (waste consisting mainly of earth from excavations).

The City of New York Department of Sanitation. Bureau of Public Information. 2007 (unpublished data).

Percentage of Streets Rated Acceptably Clean (2006)

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for the Department of Sanitation for Fiscal Years 2006 and 2007*. 2007.

Buildings Demolished (2005)

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for the Department of Housing Preservation and Development for Fiscal Years 2005 and 2006*. 2006.

Reported Violent Felonies (2006), Reported Violent Felonies Per 1,000 Children (2006)

The figures represent the number of violent felonies compared to the number of children 0-17 years old in each community district.

In the Bronx, Brooklyn, and Queens all police precincts are coterminous with the community districts, but this is not true for Manhattan and Staten Island. Therefore, reported violent felonies for precincts in Manhattan and Staten Island are allocated proportionately to the population they serve within the community districts.

City of New York Police Department. Office of Management Analysis and Planning. Crime Analysis Unit. (unpublished data), 2006.; and Claritas, 2006.

Violent Felony Arrests (2006), Reported Felonies (2006), Reported Felonies Per 1,000 Residents (2006)

In the Bronx, Brooklyn, and Queens all police precincts are coterminous with the community districts, but this is not true for Manhattan and Staten Island. Therefore, reported violent felonies for precincts in Manhattan and Staten Island are allocated proportionately to the population they serve within the community districts.

City of New York Police Department. Office of Management Analysis and Planning. Crime Analysis Unit. (unpublished data), 2006.; and Claritas, 2006.

Felony Arrests (2004), Felony Arrests Per 1,000 Residents (2004), Total Arrests (2004), Total Arrests Per 1,000 Residents (2004)

In the Bronx, Brooklyn, and Queens all police precincts are coterminous with the community districts, but this is not true for Manhattan and Staten Island. Therefore, reported violent felonies for precincts in Manhattan and Staten Island are allocated proportionately to the population they serve within the community districts.

City of New York Police Department. Office of Management Analysis and Planning. Crime Analysis Unit. (unpublished data), 2004.; and U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2005 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center. <http://usa.ipums.org/usa/>.

NYPD Facilities (2007)

Includes patrol precincts, Harbor Unit, housing police, mounted troops, and highway units.

New York City Police Department. 2007 (unpublished data).

Children Per Park Acre (2005)

These figures represent the number of children (18 years and under) divided by the number of park acres in each community district. The number of park acres includes only parks, playgrounds, and recreation areas. Large, borough-wide parks (Central Park and Riverside Park in Manhattan; Van Cortlandt, Pelham Bay and Bronx Parks in the Bronx; Marine and Prospect Parks in Brooklyn; and Flushing Meadows Park and Forest Park in Queens) are counted only in their respective borough totals as well as the citywide total and are not applied to a community district.

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for the Department of Parks and Recreation for Fiscal Year 2005 and 2006*. 2006.

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2005 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center. <http://usa.ipums.org/usa/>.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

Number of Playgrounds (2005), Public Recreation Areas (2005), Number of Ball Fields (2005), Public Indoor and Outdoor Swimming Pools (2005), Number of Public Tennis Courts (2005)

Borough totals for these facilities may be higher than the sums of the community districts because of the existence of facilities in large parks which are not considered to be located within any community district. Public Recreation Areas were referred to as "Public Recreation Centers" in the previous edition of *Keeping Track*.

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for the Department of Parks and Recreation for Fiscal Year 2005 and 2006*. 2006

Public Library Branches (2006)

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for Libraries for Fiscal Year 2006 and 2007*. 2007.

Public Library Books Per Child (2006)

Number of children's books in public libraries, excluding the central and reference libraries, divided by the number of children 18 years and under in each community district.

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for Libraries for Fiscal Year 2006 and 2007*. 2007.; and Claritas, 2006.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

Number of Bank Branches (2006), Total Bank Deposits (2006), Average Deposit Per Bank Branch (2006)

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and the Office of Thrift Supervision. *2006 Bank and Thrift Branch Office Data Book Office Deposits and Addresses of FDIC-Insured Institutions*. Accessed online.

Per Capita (16 Years & Over) Deposit (2006)

The number of residents 16 years and over divided by the total bank deposit in each community district.

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and the Office of Thrift Supervision. *2006 Bank and Thrift Branch Office Data Book Office Deposits and Addresses of FDIC-Insured Institutions*. Accessed online.; and U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2005 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center. <http://usa.ipums.org/usa/>.

Laundromats (2006)

The New York City Department of Consumer Affairs. 2006 (unpublished data).

Supermarkets and Grocery Stores (2007), Supermarkets and Grocery Stores per Square Mile (2007)

Does not include spaces of less than 3,000 square feet, other than chain food retailers.

The New York State Department of Agriculture and Markets. 2007 (unpublished data).; and the City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *Community District Needs Fiscal Year 2008 for Bronx, Brooklyn, Manhattan, Queens and Staten Island*. 2006.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

Farmers Markets (2007)

Farmers' Market Federation of New York. Data accessed online at www.nyfarmersmarket.com.

Community Supported Agriculture Programs (2007)

Just Food. Data accessed online at www.justfood.org.

Business Improvement Districts (2007)

New York City Department of Small Business Services. Data accessed online at www.nyc.gov/sbs.

Settlement Houses (2007)

United Neighborhood Houses of New York. Data accessed online at www.unhny.org.

Community Development Corporations (2006)

The Enterprise Foundation. 2006 (unpublished data); and Local Initiatives Support Corporation. 2006 (unpublished data).

No Prenatal Care (2005), Percent No Prenatal Care (2005)

Percentage of births to women who did not receive prenatal care.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2005.

Late Prenatal Care (2005), Percent Late Prenatal Care (2005)

Late prenatal care is defined as care begun in the third trimester or seventh to ninth month of pregnancy.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2005.

Low Birthweight Babies (2005), Percent Low Birthweight Babies (2005)

Percent live births recorded as low birthweight at delivery (less than 2,500 grams or 5.8 pounds).

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2005.

Infant Mortality Rate (2005)

Number of infant deaths (under one year of age) per 1,000 live births.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2005.

Percent of Mothers Smoke/Drink Alcohol During Pregnancy (2005)

This figure represents the percent of mothers who smoked or drank alcohol during pregnancy.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2005.

Percent of Births to Single Mom (2005)

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2005.

Number of Asthma Hospitalizations (2005), Asthma Hospitalization Rate (2005), Number of Acute Respiratory Infection Hospitalizations (2005), Acute Respiratory Infection Hospitalization Rate (2005), Number of Pneumonia Hospitalizations (2005), Pneumonia Hospitalization Rate (2005)

Number of hospitalizations, and number of hospitalizations per 1,000 children 0-19 years, for each illness.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc., utilizing New York State Department of Health. Bureau of Biometrics. *2005 SPARCS Administratively Releasable Inpatient and Outpatient Files*.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

Estimated Number of Seriously Emotionally Disturbed Youth (2005)

Based on federal prevalence estimate that 11-13 percent of youth 9-17 years in New York State have a serious emotional disturbance (SED). To calculate this estimate we used an average of 12 percent.

United States Department of Health and Human Services. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. "Estimation Methodology for Children with a Serious Emotional Disturbance," in the *Federal Register*, Vol. 62, No. 193, page 5213. October 6, 1997.

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2005 American Community Survey. Data extracted from Integrated Public Use Microdata Series. Minneapolis, MN: Minnesota Population Center. <http://usa.ipums.org/usa/>.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2007.

Estimated Number of Uninsured Children Under 18 Years (2005)

This figure is an estimate of the number of children (0-17 years) from all income levels who have no health insurance coverage. It was calculated by applying the percent of uninsured children in New York City (9.1%) to community district population data.

New York State Department of Health, Office of Health Insurance Programs, Division of Coverage and Enrollment.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2007.

Voluntary or HHC Hospitals (2007)

United Hospital Fund of New York. Directory of Hospitals. Accessed online at www.health.state.ny.us/nysdoh/hcra/provider/provhosp.htm.

Child Health Clinics (2007)

Health and Hospitals Corporation. *Child Health and Pediatric Communicare Clinic Directory*. Accessed online at www.nyc.gov/html/hhc/html/community/childhealth.shtml.

Mental Health Programs Serving Both Children and Adolescents (2006), Mental Health Programs: Child-Only (2006), Mental Health Programs: Adolescent-Only (2006)

Includes all locations where services are available, including satellite locations. This accounts for the increase since the last edition of Keeping Track, which counted only main program offices.

New York State Department of Mental Health. Inpatient and Outpatient Programs for Children and Youth. 2006 (unpublished data).

Mental Health Family Support Sites (2006)

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Alcoholism Services. 2006 (unpublished data).

Child Care Center Capacity Children 6 and Under (2006)

These figures represent the number of registered Child Care Center slots for children six years and under and consist of 67,241 private slots and 32,294 slots funded by the Administration for Children's Services.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Bureau of Day Care. *Registered Child Care Center Listing*. 2006.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

Group Family Day Care Capacity Children (2-12 Years) (2006)

These figures represent the number of registered Group Family Day Care slots for children 2-12 year of age.

An increase in these numbers in recent years is due to DOHMH offering better information to FDC providers on how to get a Group Family Day Care license, and also making the Group Family Day Care registration system more user-friendly.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Bureau of Day Care. *Registered Child Care Center Listing*. 2006.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

Family Day Care Capacity Children (2-12 Years) (2006)

These figures represent the number of registered Family Day Care slots for children 2-12 year of age.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Bureau of Day Care. *Registered Child Care Center Listing*. 2006.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

Head Start Capacity (2006)

Higher numbers in this version of Keeping Track may reflect the inclusion of Head Start programs that are not administered through the Administration for Children's Services.

New York City Administration for Children's Services, Head Start program. (ACS administered programs); U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Region II. (Privately administered programs). (Unpublished data).

School Age Child Care Capacity (2006)

This figure represents the number of registered School Age Child Care Center slots.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Bureau of Day Care. *Registered School Age Child Care Center Listing*. 2006.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2007.

Estimated Unmet Need for Subsidized Child Care Children 6 Years and Under (2006)

The estimate represents the number of children (6 and under) at or below 200% of the federal poverty level who need and would be likely to use paid child care. A takeup rate of 40% was used in the calculation.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2007.

Estimated Unmet Need for Out of School Time Services, Children 5-9 (2006), Estimated Unmet Need for Out of School Time Services, Children 10-13 (2006), Estimated Unmet Need for Out of School Time Services, Children 14-19 (2006)

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York. *Out of School Time Programs and Services in New York City: Participation, Satisfaction and Barriers, A Public Opinion Survey of Parents of School Age Children in NYC*, conducted by Belden Russonello and Stewart. 2004.; and Claritas, 2006.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York. 2007.

Universal Pre-Kindergarten Capacity by Program Types (2006)

The figure represents an estimated number of slots contracted by program type, not the actual enrollment.

New York City Department of Education. Office of Early Childhood Education. *2005-2006 Citywide Prekindergarten Directory*. 2006 (unpublished data).

Number of Out of School Time Program Sites (2007)

Partnership for After School Education. 2007 (unpublished data).

Department of Youth and Community Development (DYCD) Program Services/Sites (2007)

New York City Department of Youth and Community Development. Accessed online at www.nyc.gov/dycd.

YMCA/YWCA/YMHA Branches (2007)

YMCA: www.ymca.net; YWCA: www.ywca.org; YM/YWHA: www.ujafedny.org. Data accessed November 1, 2007.

The After School Corporation (TASC) Sites (2006), The After School Corporation (TASC) Enrollment (2006)

The After School Corporation. 2006 (unpublished data).

Public Elementary Schools (2007), Public Middle/Junior High Schools (2007)

New York City Department of Education. Accessed online at <http://nycenet.edu/OurSchools>.

Births to Teen Mothers (2005), Births to Teen Mothers (14-16 Years) (2005), Births to Teen Mothers (17-19 Years) (2005)

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2005.

Percent Births to Teen Mothers (2005)

These figures represent the number of live births to New York City residents 14-19 years old divided by the total number of births to New York City residents.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2005.

Juvenile Arrests (Under 16 Years) (2006), Youth Arrests (16-20 Years) (2006)

In the Bronx, Brooklyn, and Queens all police precincts are coterminous with the community districts. This is not true for Manhattan and Staten Island, and therefore the number of juveniles and youth who were arrested in precincts in Manhattan and Staten Island were divided proportionately according to the population served within each community district.

New York City Police Department. Office of Management Analysis and Planning. Crime Analysis and Program Planning Section. 2006 (unpublished data).

Number of Consolidated Investigations (2006)

Due to a January 2004 State OCFS procedure, ACS began to report the number of consolidated investigations instead of the number of reports in 2004. The number of consolidated investigations excludes those reports that have been consolidated according to the OCFS procedure, which requires local districts to consolidate certain reports based on a set of identified criteria. This state procedure helps local districts no longer count reports of the same incident more than once and no longer do a second investigation of reports of the same incident, based on the state criteria. Data before 2004 are of Reports of Abuse or Neglect and data after 2004 are Consolidated Investigations of Abuse or Neglect.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2007 (unpublished data).

Consolidated Investigations Per 1,000 Children (2006)

These figures represent the number of consolidated investigations per 1,000 children 0-17 years in each community district.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2007 (unpublished data).

Percent of Consolidated Investigations Indicated (2006)

An indicated consolidated investigation is one in which it has been determined that an instance of child abuse or neglect has occurred.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2007 (unpublished data); and Claritas, 2006.

Number of Children in Foster Care (2006)

These figures represent the total number of children in the foster care system in 2006.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2007 (unpublished data).

Children in Foster Care Per 1,000 Children (2006)

These figures represent the total number of children in the foster care system per 1,000 children 0-17 years in each community district.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2007 (unpublished data).; and Claritas, 2006.

Number of Children Entering Foster Care (2006)

These figures represent the number of children who entered the foster care system in 2006.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2007 (unpublished data).

Foster Care Entrants Per 1,000 Children (2006)

These figures represent the number of foster care entrants per 1,000 children (0-17 years) in each community district.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2007 (unpublished data).; and Claritas, 2006.

Children Entered Foster Care in CD of Origin (2006), Children Entered Foster Care Per 1,000 Children in CD of Origin (2006)

These figures represent the number of children entering foster care in 2006 who were placed within the community district in which they previously lived.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2007 (unpublished data).

Number of Children Placed in Foster Boarding Homes (2006)

These figures represent the number of children placed in foster boarding homes in 2006.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2007 (unpublished data).

Number of Children in Foster Boarding Homes (2003)

These figures represent the total number of children being served in foster boarding homes in 2006.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2007 (unpublished data).

Number of Children Placed in Kinship Homes (2006)

These figures represent the number of children placed in kinship homes in 2006.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2007 (unpublished data).

Number of Children in Kinship Homes (2006)

These figures represent the total number of children being served in kinship homes in 2006.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2007 (unpublished data).

Number of Children Placed in Congregate Care (2006)

These figures represent the number of children placed in congregate care in 2006.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2007 (unpublished data).

Number of Children in Congregate Care (2006)

These figures represent the total number of children being served in congregate care in 2006.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2007 (unpublished data).

Community School Districts

The most recent education data included in this edition of Keeping Track are not all from the same school year. In each case, the year is noted along with the subject.

Race and ethnicity are mutually exclusive; race categories do not include Latinos.

For 2004-2005: Annenberg Institute for School Reform at Brown University. *2004-2005 Annual School Report*, SPSS file converted from NYC Department of Education's Annual School Report Access database. 2008.

For 2005-2006: Annenberg Institute for School Reform at Brown University. *2005-2006 Annual School Report*, SPSS file converted from NYC Department of Education's Annual School Report Access database. 2008.

For 2006-2007 Reading: New York State Education Department, Office of Information and Reporting Services. Grades 3-8 English Language Arts Test Results for 2007. Data accessed online at www.emsc.nysed.gov/irts/press-release/20070522/home.htm.

For 2006-2007 Math: New York State Education Department, Office of Information and Reporting Services. Grades 3-8 Mathematics Test Results for 2007. Data accessed online at www.emsc.nysed.gov/irts/press-release/20070612/home.htm.

Keeping Track VII (2005)

Community District Characteristics

Total Population (2003)

There were a total of 9,180 residents of NYC who were not allocated to any of the 59 community districts because their residences were technically located inside major parks which are not considered to be located within any community district; there were 367 in the Bronx, 2,034 in Brooklyn, 16 in Manhattan, 3,443 in Queens and 3,320 in Staten Island.

All population data were aggregated into community districts from Census block groups. Because some Census block groups overlap with more than one community district, the geographic distribution of the population was computed using the NYC Department of City Planning's pseudo-tract method. The pseudo-tract method distributes the Census tract population to the community districts by applying the percentage of the total population those community districts share to the population of the Census tract.

The previous edition of *Keeping Track* used Census 2000 population counts. The change in source may account for the difference between those counts and the estimates presented here.

Claritas, 2003.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

% White (2003), % African American (2003), % Latino (2003), % Asian (2003) and % Others (2003)

"Others" include Hawaiians and Pacific Islanders.

Claritas, 2003.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

Latino Total (2003)

There were a total of 9,180 Latino residents of NYC who were not allocated to any of the 59 community districts because their residences were technically located inside major parks which are not considered to be located within any community district; 137 in the Bronx, 211 in Brooklyn, 1 in Manhattan, 691 in Queens and 723 in Staten Island.

Claritas, 2003.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

Mexican (2003), Puerto Rican (2003), Cuban (2003), Other Latino (2003)

There were a number of Latino residents of NYC who were not allocated to any of the 59 community districts because their residences were technically located inside major parks which are not considered to be located within any community district; 12 Mexicans, 93 Puerto Ricans, 6 Cubans, and 26 other Latinos in the Bronx; 7 Mexicans, 80 Puerto Ricans, 3 Cubans, and 121 other Latinos in Brooklyn; 1 other Latino in Manhattan; 31 Mexicans, 188 Puerto Ricans, 30 Cubans, and 441 other Latinos in Queens; and 116 Mexicans, 432 Puerto Ricans, 20 Cubans, and 155 other Latinos in Staten Island.

Data on other Latino identities were not available for this edition of *Keeping Track*.

Claritas, 2003.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

Asian Total (2003)

There were a total of 727 Asian residents of NYC who were not allocated to any of the 59 community districts because their residences were technically located inside major parks which are not considered to be located within any community district; 11 in the Bronx, 83 in Brooklyn, 507 in Queens and 126 in Staten Island.

Claritas, 2003.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

Asian Indian (2003), Chinese (2003), Filipino (2003), Japanese (2003), Korean (2003), Thai (2003), Vietnamese (2003) and Other Asian (2003)

There were a number of Asian residents of NYC who were not allocated to any of the 59 community districts because their residences were technically located inside major parks which are not considered to be located within any community district; 1 Asian Indian, 1 Filipino, 1 Japanese, and 8 other Asians in the Bronx; 10 Asian Indians, 40 Chinese, 5 Filipinos, 9 Japanese, 7 Koreans, 4 Vietnamese and 8 other Asians in Brooklyn; 182 Asian Indians, 198 Chinese, 14 Filipinos, 19 Japanese, 39 Koreans, 1 Thai, 1 Vietnamese, and 45 other Asians in Queens; 40 Asian Indians, 35 Chinese, 25 Filipinos, 1 Japanese, 3 Koreans, 3 Thai, 7 Vietnamese and 13 Other Asians in Staten Island.

Other Asians include Cambodians, Hmong, and Laotians, as well as other identities. Specific data on other Asian identities were not available for this year.

Claritas, 2003.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

Total Population Under 18 Years (2003), Children Under 5 Years (2003), Children 5-9 Years (2003), Children 10-14 Years (2003), Children 15-17 Years (2003)

There was a total of 1,902 children under 18 years, including 589 children under 5 years, 499 children 5-9 years, 522 children 10-14 years and 292 children 15-17 years who were not allocated to any of the 59 community districts because their residences were technically located inside major parks which are not considered to be located within any community district; in the Bronx, 38, 28, 25 and 20, respectively; in Brooklyn, 91, 70, 70 and 44, respectively; in Manhattan, 0, 0, 1 and 1, respectively; in Queens, 167, 149, 169 and 99, respectively; and in Staten Island 293, 252, 257 and 128, respectively.

The previous edition of *Keeping Track* listed children 15-18 years and the total population 18 years and under, rather than 15-17 years and total population under 18 years as is shown here. Data on the 15-18 age group were not available for this year. The difference in age groups may partially account for the difference in the number of children between the previous and present editions of *Keeping Track*.

Claritas, 2003.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

% Children Under 18 Years White (2003), % Children Under 18 Years African American (2003), % Children Under 18 Years Latino (2003) and % Children Under 18 Years Asian (2003)

The white, African American and Asian categories are not ethnically exclusive, meaning they may include Latinos. Latino children may be of any race. The previous edition of *Keeping Track* used ethnically exclusive race categories, meaning that Latinos were counted either as Latino, white, African American, or Asian, but could not be counted under two categories.

Claritas, 2003.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

Total Households (2003), Family Households (2003), Married-Couple Families (2003), Married-Couple Families with Own Child Under 18 Years (2003), Other Families (2003), Single Mom with Own Children Under 18 Years (2003) and Single Dad with Own Children Under 18 Years (2003)

There was a total of 3,630 households, 2,103 family households, 1,514 married-couple families, 745 married-couple families with own child under 18 years, 589 other families, 236 single moms with own children under 18 years and 64 single dads with own children under 18 years in NYC who were not allocated to any of the 59 community districts because their residences were technically located inside major parks which are not considered to be located within any community district; 130, 81, 30, 19, 51, 34 and 2, respectively in the Bronx; 941, 402, 296, 112, 106, 38 and 11, respectively in Brooklyn; 2, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0 and 0, respectively in Manhattan; 1,404, 800, 593, 261, 207, 61 and 18, respectively in Queens; and 1,153, 819, 594, 352, 225, 103 and 33, respectively in Staten Island.

Data on family composition by race/ethnicity were not available for this year.

Claritas, 2003.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

Live Births (2001)

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2001.

Children Per Square Mile (2003)

The number of children under 18 years old divided by the number of square miles in each community district.

Claritas, 2003.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. The Department of City Planning. *Community District Needs Fiscal Year 2001 for Bronx, Brooklyn, Manhattan, Queens and Staten Island*. 2001.

% Households with Income <\$15,000 (2003), % Households with Income \$15,000 to \$24,999 (2003), % Households with Income \$25,000 to \$34,999 (2003), % Households with Income \$35,000 to \$49,999 (2003), % Households with Income \$50,000 to \$74,999 (2003), % Households with Income \$75,000 or More (2003)

Data on income categories used in the previous edition of *Keeping Track* were not available for this edition of *Keeping Track*.

Claritas, 2003.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

Median Household Income (2002)

The previous edition of *Keeping Track* used Census 2000 data, which are not directly comparable to the data presented here.

U.S. Bureau of the Census. New York City Housing Vacancy Survey. 2002.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

% Families with Income Under \$15,000 (2003), % Families with Income \$15,000 to \$24,999 (2003), % Families with Income \$25,000 to \$34,999 (2003), % Families with Income \$35,000 to \$49,999 (2003), % Families with Income \$50,000 to \$74,999 (2003), % Families with Income \$75,000 or More (2003)

Data on income categories used in the previous edition of *Keeping Track* were not available for this edition of *Keeping Track*.

Claritas, 2003.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

% Families at Self-Sufficiency Standard (2003)

The figure represents an estimate of the percentage of families who have sufficient income to meet their basic needs adequately without public or private assistance. The calculation is based on the Self-Sufficiency Standard by locality for NYC prepared by the Women's Center for Education and Career Advancement. The variables included in determining the Self-Sufficiency Standard are: housing, child care, food, transportation, health care, miscellaneous costs, and taxes. The calculation is based on the self-sufficiency wage for a family composed of 2 adults, 1 infant and 1 preschooler. The monetary values in the standard have been converted to 2003 constant dollars in order to compare with 2003 family incomes.

Women's Center for Education and Career Advancement, *The Self-Sufficiency Standard for the City of New York*, September 2000.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

% Families with Children Under 18 Below Poverty Level (2003)

The previous edition of *Keeping Track* used Census 2000 data on children below the poverty level. Data on children below the poverty level by community district were not available for this edition of *Keeping Track*.

Claritas, 2003.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

Adult Unemployment Rate (2002)

New York State Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Division of Research and Statistics. *2002 Year-End Labor Force Data Disaggregated by Community District*. 2003.

Children Born into Poor Families (2001), Percentage of Children Born into Poor Families (2001)

The figures represent live births that were covered by Medicaid.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2001.

Children Receiving Public Assistance (2002), Percentage of Children Receiving Public Assistance (2002)

The City of New York, Human Resources Administration. Welfare Management System PA, Food Stamps, MA Basis Files. Child and Adult PA, SSI, and Medicaid Only Recipients Among Community Districts in New York City, October 2002; and Claritas, 2003.

Women Receiving WIC (2002)

These figures represent the number of low-income pregnant, breastfeeding, and non-breastfeeding postpartum women who received WIC in 2002.

New York State Department of Health. Division of Nutrition. *2002 WIC Program Unmet Need Report*.

Percentage of Infants Receiving WIC (2002)

The number of infants under one year old receiving WIC in 2002 divided by the total number of children under age one.

New York State Department of Health. Division of Nutrition. *2002 WIC Program Unmet Need Report*.
Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2004.

Percentage of Children Receiving WIC (2002)

The number of children one to five years old receiving WIC in 2002 divided by the total number of children one to five years old.

New York State Department of Health. Division of Nutrition. *2002 WIC Program Unmet Need Report*.
Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2004.

Income Support and Job Centers (2003)

New York City Human Resources Administration. Income Support Program. "Income Support Directory," as of September 2003.

Children Receiving Emergency Food Assistance (2003), Percentage of Children Receiving Emergency Food Assistance (2003)

The figures represent an estimate of the average monthly number of children served at food pantries and soup kitchens in 2003. The number of children served may be a duplicated count since multiple meals are served each day by food pantries and soup kitchens. Numbers for some community districts may be further inflated because some children may receive emergency food assistance outside of their community district of residence.

The Food Bank for New York City. Child Hunger 2003 (unpublished data).
Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2004.

Food Pantries (2003)

These figures include both food pantries and soup kitchens.

The Food Bank for New York City. Child Hunger 2003 (unpublished data).
Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2004.

Percentage of Households Have One or More Vehicles Available (2003)

Claritas, 2003.
Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2004.

Percent Home Ownership (2002), Percent Luxury Rentals (2002)

Luxury rentals are defined as rental units with a monthly rent of \$2,000 or more.

The Housing Vacancy Survey is organized by sub-borough areas, which do not match perfectly with all community districts in Manhattan and the Bronx. The sub-borough areas encompassing community districts M01, M02, M04, M05, B01, B01, B03, and B06 have been divided evenly between their constituent community districts.

U.S. Bureau of the Census. New York City Housing Vacancy Survey. 2002.
Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

Percent Housing Vacancy (2002)

Unlike the official New York City housing vacancy rate which refers to rental units only, these figures represent the total number of vacant units (dilapidated, non-dilapidated, units available for sale, units available for rent, and units not available for sale or rent) divided by the total number of units, both vacant and occupied.

The Housing Vacancy Survey is organized by sub-borough areas, which do not match perfectly with all community districts in Manhattan and the Bronx. The sub-borough areas encompassing community districts M01, M02, M04, M05, B01, B01, B03, and B06 have been divided evenly between their constituent community districts.

U.S. Bureau of the Census. New York City Housing Vacancy Survey. 2002.
Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

Percentage of Home Loan Applications Accepted (2002)

U.S. Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council. Home Mortgage Disclosure Act. *Loan Application Register (LAR) & Transmittal Sheet (TS) Raw Data*. 2002.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

Percentage of Households Spent One Half or More Income on Rent (2002)

The Housing Vacancy Survey is organized by sub-borough areas, which do not match perfectly with all community districts in Manhattan and the Bronx. The sub-borough areas encompassing community districts M01, M02, M04, M05, B01, B01, B03, and B06 have been divided evenly between their constituent community districts.

U.S. Bureau of the Census. New York City Housing Vacancy Survey. 2002.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

Percentage of Over-Crowded Rental Housing (2002)

These figures represent the number of rental units occupied by more than one person per room.

There was a calculation error in this indicator in the previous edition of *Keeping Track*. This may account for any discrepancy between those figures and the ones presented here. The Housing Vacancy Survey is organized by sub-borough areas, which do not match perfectly with all community districts in Manhattan and the Bronx. The sub-borough areas encompassing community districts M01, M02, M04, M05, B01, B01, B03, and B06 have been divided evenly between their constituent community districts.

U.S. Bureau of the Census. New York City Housing Vacancy Survey. 2002.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

Fair to Poor Condition of Neighborhood Housing (2002)

These figures represent the number of respondents to the survey who reported that the condition of residential structures in their neighborhood was "fair" or "poor." This was mistakenly referred to in previous editions of *Keeping Track* as "Fair to Poor Condition of Rental Housing." In fact, the indicator makes no distinction between rental and owned housing.

There was a calculation error in this indicator in the previous edition of *Keeping Track*. This may account for any discrepancy between those figures and the ones presented here.

The Housing Vacancy Survey is organized by sub-borough areas, which do not match perfectly with all community districts in Manhattan and the Bronx. The sub-borough areas encompassing community districts M01, M02, M04, M05, B01, B01, B03, and B06 have been divided evenly between their constituent community districts.

U.S. Bureau of the Census. New York City Housing Vacancy Survey. 2002.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

Tier II Homeless Shelters (2004), Tier II Homeless Shelter Capacity (2004)

The City of New York. Department of Homeless Services. Division of Family Services. 2004 (unpublished data).

Lead Paint Violations (2002), Lead Paint Violations Per 1,000 Children (2002)

Number of lead paint violations per 1,000 children 1-4 years old.

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for the Department of Housing Preservation and Development for Fiscal Years 2002 and 2003*. 2003; and U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000, Summary File 1.

Number of Structural Fires, Number of Structural Fires Per 1,000 Children (2002)

Number of structural fires, which include fires in residential, commercial, public or vacant buildings, per 1,000 children 0-18 years.

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for the Fire Department for Fiscal Years 2002 and 2003*. 2003.

Fire Department Facilities (2002)

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for the Fire Department for Fiscal Years 2002 and 2003*. 2003.

Pounds of Toxic Air Emissions (2001)

These figures represent the pounds of toxic air emissions released per year in each community district, as reported by federally mandated facilities.

New York City Department of Environmental Protection. *2003 Annual Report: Hazardous Materials Management in New York City*. 2003.

Facilities Storing >10,000 lbs. of Hazardous Materials (2003), Facilities Per Square Mile Storing >10,000 lbs. of Hazardous Materials (2003)

These figures represent the number of facilities storing over 10,000 pounds of hazardous substances.

New York City Department of Environmental Protection. *2003 Annual Report: Hazardous Materials Management in New York City*. 2003.

Solid Waste Transfer Stations (2004)

Solid waste transfer stations include putrescible, non-putrescible and fill transfer stations.

The City of New York Department of Sanitation. Bureau of Public Information. 2004 (unpublished data).

Percentage of Streets Rated Acceptably Clean (2002)

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for the Department of Sanitation for Fiscal Years 2002 and 2003*. 2003.

Buildings Demolished (2002)

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for the Department of Housing Preservation and Development for Fiscal Years 2002 and 2003*. 2003.

Reported Violent Felonies (2001), Reported Violent Felonies Per 1,000 Children (2001)

The figures represent the number of violent felonies compared to the number of children 0-18 years old in each community district.

In the Bronx, Brooklyn, and Queens all police precincts are coterminous with the community districts, but this is not true for Manhattan and Staten Island. Therefore, reported violent felonies for precincts in Manhattan and Staten Island are allocated proportionately to the population they serve within the community districts.

City of New York Police Department. Office of Management Analysis and Planning. Crime Analysis Unit. *Statistical Report: Complaints and Arrests, 2001*. 2003.

Violent Felony Arrests (2001), Reported Felonies (2001), Reported Felonies Per 1,000 Residents (2001), Felony Arrests (2001), Felony Arrests Per 1,000 Residents (2001), Total Arrests (2001), Total Arrests Per 1,000 Residents (2001)

In the Bronx, Brooklyn, and Queens all police precincts are coterminous with the community districts, but this is not true for Manhattan and Staten Island. Therefore, reported violent felonies for precincts in Manhattan and Staten Island are allocated proportionately to the population they serve within the community districts.

City of New York Police Department. Office of Management Analysis and Planning. Crime Analysis Unit. *Statistical Report: Complaints and Arrests, 2001*. 2003.

NYPD Facilities (2004)

Includes patrol precincts, Harbor Unit, housing police, mounted troops, and highway units.

New York City Police Department. 2004 (unpublished data).

Children Per Park Acre (2002)

These figures represent the number of children (18 years and under) divided by the number of park acres in each community district. The number of park acres includes only parks, playgrounds, and recreation areas and excludes borough wide parks such as Central Park and Prospect Park.

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for the Department of Parks and Recreation for Fiscal Year 2002 and 2003*.

Number of Playgrounds (2002), Public Recreation Areas (2002), Number of Ball Fields (2002), Public Indoor and Outdoor Swimming Pools (2002), Number of Public Tennis Courts (2002)

Borough totals for these facilities may be higher than the sums of the community districts because of the existence of facilities in large parks which are not considered to be located within any community district. Public Recreation Areas were referred to as “Public Recreation Centers” in the previous edition of *Keeping Track*.

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for the Department of Parks and Recreation for Fiscal Year 2002 and 2003*.

Public Library Branches (2003)

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for Libraries for Fiscal Year 2002 and 2003*.

Public Library Books Per Child (2003)

Number of children’s books in public libraries, excluding the central and reference libraries, divided by the number of children 18 years and under in each community district.

The City of New York Office of Management and Budget. *District Resource Statement for Libraries for Fiscal Year 2002 and 2003*; and U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000, Summary File 1.

Number of Bank Branches (2002), Total Bank Deposits (2002), Average Deposit Per Bank Branch (2002)

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and the Office of Thrift Supervision. *2002 Bank and Thrift Branch Office Data Book Office Deposits and Addresses of FDIC-Insured Institutions*. 2003.

Per Capita (16 Years & Over) Deposit (2002)

The number of residents 16 years and over divided by the total bank deposit in each community district.

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and the Office of Thrift Supervision. *2002 Bank and Thrift Branch Office Data Book Office Deposits and Addresses of FDIC-Insured Institutions*. 2003.

Laundromats (2003)

The New York City Department of Consumer Affairs. 2003 (unpublished data).

Supermarkets (2003)

The New York State Department of Agriculture and Markets. 2003 (unpublished data).

Business Improvement Districts (2003)

New York City Department of Small Business Services. *Business Improvement District/Special Assessment District Mailing List*. 2003.

Settlement Houses (2003)

United Neighborhood Houses of New York. 2003 (unpublished data).

Community Development Corporations (2004)

The Enterprise Foundation. 2004 (unpublished data); and Local Initiatives Support Corporation. 2004 (unpublished data).

No Prenatal Care (2001), Percent No Prenatal Care (2001)

Percentage of births to women who did not receive prenatal care.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2001.

Late Prenatal Care (2001), Percent Late Prenatal Care (2001)

Late prenatal care is defined as care begun in the third trimester or seventh to ninth month of pregnancy.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2001.

Low Birthweight Babies (2001), Percent Low Birthweight Babies (2001)

Percent live births recorded as low birthweight at delivery (less than 2,500 grams or 5.5 pounds).

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2001.

Infant Mortality Rate (2001)

Number of infant deaths (under one year of age) per 1,000 live births.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2001.

Percent of Mothers Smoke/Drink Alcohol During Pregnancy (2001)

These figures represent the number of mothers who smoked plus the number of mothers who drank, divided by the total number of mothers. There may be duplication if some mothers both smoked and drank.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2001.

Percent of Births to Single Mom (2001)

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2001.

Number of Asthma Hospitalizations (2001), Asthma Hospitalization Rate (2001), Number of Acute Respiratory Infection Hospitalizations (2001), Acute Respiratory Infection Hospitalization Rate (2001), Number of Pneumonia Hospitalizations (2001), Pneumonia Hospitalization Rate (2001)

Number of hospitalizations for each illness per 1,000 children 0-18 years.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc., utilizing New York State Department of Health. Bureau of Biometrics. *2001 SPARCS Administratively Releasable Inpatient and Outpatient Files*.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

% Households with Children Which Are Smoking Households (2002)

These figures represent the percentage of households with children under 18 years old where someone in the household smokes.

The Housing Vacancy Survey is organized by sub-borough areas, which do not match perfectly with all community districts in Manhattan and the Bronx. The sub-borough areas encompassing community districts M01, M02, M04, M05, B01, B01, B03, and B06 have been divided evenly between their constituent community districts.

U.S. Bureau of the Census. New York City Housing Vacancy Survey. 2002.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

Estimated Number of Seriously Emotionally Disturbed Youth (2003)

Based on federal prevalence estimate that 11-13 percent of youth 9-17 years in New York State have a serious emotional disturbance (SED). To calculate this estimate we used an average of 12 percent.

United States Department of Health and Human Services. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. "Estimation Methodology for Children with a Serious Emotional Disturbance," in the *Federal Register*, Vol. 62, No. 193, page 5213. October 6, 1997.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2004.

Estimated Number of Uninsured Children Under 18 Years (2002)

The estimated number of uninsured children (0-17 years) includes children from families in all income levels.

Urban Institute. National Survey of America's Families II. 2004 (unpublished data).

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

Voluntary or HHC Hospitals (2003)

United Hospital Fund of New York. Directory of Hospitals. 2003 (unpublished data).

Child Health Clinics (2004)

Health and Hospitals Corporation. *Child Health and Pediatric Communicare Clinic Directory*. 2004.

Note: the program providing Pediatric Resource Centers has been discontinued.

Mental Health Programs Serving Both Children and Adolescents (2003)

The list only includes programs that provide mental health services to both children and adolescents.

New York State Department of Mental Health. 2003 (unpublished data).

Mental Health Programs: Child-Only (2003), Mental Health Programs: Adolescent-Only (2003)

New York State Department of Mental Health. 2003 (unpublished data).

Mental Health Family Support Sites (2004)

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Alcoholism Services. 2004 (unpublished data).

Child Care Center Capacity Children 6 and Under (2003)

These figures represent the number of registered Child Care Center slots for children 6 years and under and include 65,469 private slots.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Bureau of Day Care. *Registered Child Care Center Listing*. 2003. Citizens Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

Group Family Day Care Capacity Children (2-12 Years) (2003)

These figures represent the number of registered Group Family Day Care slots for children 2-12 year of age.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Bureau of Day Care. *Registered Group Family Day Care Listing*. 2003. Citizens Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

Family Day Care Capacity Children (2-12 Years) (2003)

These figures represent the number of registered Family Day Care slots for children 2-12 year of age.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Bureau of Day Care. *Registered Family Day Care Listing*. 2003. Citizens Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

Head Start Capacity (2002)

New York City Administration for Children's Services. Agency for Child Development. *Funded Capacity By Site and Option*. 2003.

School Age Child Care Capacity (2003)

This figure represents the number of registered School Age Child Care Center slots.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Bureau of Day Care. *Registered School Age Child Care Center Listing*. 2003. Citizens Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

Estimated Unmet Need for Subsidized Child Care Children 6 Years and Under (2003)

The estimate represents the number of children (6 and under) below the federal poverty level who need and would be likely to use paid child care.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Inc. 2004.

Estimated Unmet Need for Out of School Time Services, Children 5-9 (2000), Estimated Unmet Need for Out of School Time Services, Children 10-13 (2000), Estimated Unmet Need for Out of School Time Services, Children 14-19 (2000)

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York. *Out of School Time Programs and Services in New York City: Participation, Satisfaction and Barriers, A Public Opinion Survey of Parents of School Age Children in NYC*, conducted by Belden Russonello and Stewart. 2004.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York. 2004.

Universal Prekindergarten Capacity by Program Types (2004)

These figures represent the estimated number of slots contracted by programs type, not the actual enrollment. This year there was an unusually large number of sites of unknown type in the dataset. This affects the counted capacity of each program type, since a number of sites of each type are presumably included in the "unknown" category.

New York City Department of Education. Office of Early Childhood Education. *Citywide Prekindergarten Directory*. 2004 (unpublished data).

Department of Youth and Community Development (DYCD) Program Services/Sites (2003)

Department of Youth and Community Development. Unpublished data (2004).

YMCA/YWCA/YMHA Branches (2003)

YMCA: <http://www.ymca.net> (accessed August 6, 2003); YWCA: <http://www.ywca.org> (accessed August 6, 2003); YM/YWHA: <http://www.ujafedny.org> (accessed August 6, 2003).

The After School Corporation (TASC) Sites (2003), The After School Corporation (TASC) Enrollment (2003)

The After School Corporation. 2004 (unpublished data).

Public Elementary Schools (2003), Public Middle/Junior High Schools (2003)

New York City Department of Education. <http://nycenet.edu/OurSchools> (accessed August 13, 2003).

Births to Teen Mothers (2001), Births to Teen Mothers (14-16 Years) (2001), Births to Teen Mothers (17-19 Years) (2001)

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2001.

Percent Births to Teen Mothers (2001)

These figures represent the number of live births to New York City residents 14-19 years old divided by the total number of births to New York City residents.

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Office of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology. Birth and Death Master Files. 2001.

Juvenile Arrests (Under 16 Years) (2001)

In the Bronx, Brooklyn, and Queens all police precincts are coterminous with the community districts. This is not true for Manhattan and Staten Island, and therefore the number of youth 16-20 years old who were arrested in precincts in Manhattan and Staten Island were divided proportionately according to the population served within each community district.

New York City Police Department. Office of Management Analysis and Planning. Crime Analysis Unit. *Statistical Report: Complaints and Arrests*. December 2001.

Youth Arrests (16-20 Years) (2001)

In the Bronx, Brooklyn, and Queens all police precincts are coterminous with the community districts. This is not true for Manhattan and Staten Island, and therefore the number of youth 16-20 years old who were arrested in precincts in Manhattan and Staten Island were divided proportionately according to the population served within each community district.

New York City Police Department. Office of Management Analysis and Planning. Crime Analysis Unit. *Statistical Report: Complaints and Arrests*. December 2001.

Youth 16-19 Years Unemployed (2002), Youth 16-19 Years Not in School and Not in Labor Force (2002), Youth 16-19 Years Not in School and Not High School Graduate (2002)

Unemployed youth include civilian youth who were in the labor force and unemployed.

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2002 American Community Survey, Table PCT036.

Citizens' Committee for Children of New York, Inc. 2004.

Abuse and Neglect Reports (2003)

The sum of the reports in each community district do not add up to the sum of the boroughs because some reports originate in an unknown community district. There were 754 unknown community district reports in Bronx; 674 unknown community district reports in Brooklyn; 355 unknown community district reports in Manhattan; 707 unknown community district reports in Queens and 113 unknown community district reports in Staten Island.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2004 (unpublished data).

Abuse and Neglect Reports Per 1,000 Children (2003)

These figures represent the number of reports of child abuse and neglect per 1,000 children 0-17 years in each community district.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2004 (unpublished data).

Percent of Abuse and Neglect Reports Indicated (2003)

An indicated report is a report in which it has been determined that an instance of child abuse or neglect has occurred.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2004 (unpublished data).

Active Preventive Services Cases (1999)

These figures represent the number of active Purchased Preventive Services cases as of June 1999. More recent numbers of active preventive service cases were not available for this year.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2000 (unpublished data).

New Preventive Service Cases (2003)

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2004 (unpublished data).

Number of Children in Foster Care (2003)

These figures represent the total number of children in the foster care system in 2003.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2004 (unpublished data).

Number of Children Placed in Foster Care (2003)

These figures represent the number of children who were placed in the foster care system in 2003.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2004 (unpublished data).

Foster Care Placements Per 1,000 Children (2003)

These figures represent the number of foster care placements per 1,000 children (0-17 years) in each community district.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2004 (unpublished data).

Children Entered Foster Care in CD of Origin (2003), Children Entered Foster Care Per 1,000 Children in CD of Origin (2003)

These figures represent the number of children placed in foster care in 2003 who were placed within the community district where they previously lived.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2004 (unpublished data).

Number of Children Placed in Foster Boarding Homes (2003)

These figures represent the number of children placed in foster boarding homes in 2003.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2004 (unpublished data).

Number of Children in Foster Boarding Homes (2003)

These figures represent the total number of children being served in foster boarding homes in 2003.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2004 (unpublished data).

Number of Children Placed in Kinship Homes (2003)

These figures represent the number of children placed in kinship homes in 2003.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2004 (unpublished data).

Number of Children in Kinship Homes (2003)

These figures represent the total number of children being served in kinship homes in 2003.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2004 (unpublished data).

Number of Children Placed in Congregate Care (2003)

These figures represent the number of children placed in congregate care in 2003.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2004 (unpublished data).

Number of Children in Congregate Care (2003)

These figures represent the total number of children being served in congregate care in 2003.

New York City Administration for Children's Services. 2004 (unpublished data).

Community School District Characteristics

Education data are still reported by the 32 former Community School Districts, rather than by the 10 Regions. The Community School Districts relate to the Regions as follows:

Region 1 is composed of Community School Districts 9 and 10.

Region 2 is composed of Community School Districts 8, 11 and 12.

Region 3 is composed of Community School Districts 25, 26, 28 and 29.

Region 4 is composed of Community School Districts 24, 30 and 32.

Region 5 is composed of Community School Districts 19, 23 and 27.

Region 6 is composed of Community School Districts 17, 18 and 22.

Region 7 is composed of Community School Districts 20, 21 and 31.

Region 8 is composed of Community School Districts 13, 14, 15 and 16.

Region 9 is composed of Community School Districts 1, 2, 4 and 7.

Region 10 is composed of Community School Districts 3, 5 and 6.

The sum of data in the Community School Districts might not equal the NYC total due to some small “800” schools within buildings which were not included separately in the database.

The sum for the variables (number of students receiving free lunch, number of suspensions, number of incidents, number of immigrant students, number of ELL students, number of students in special education and number of students in resource room) for elementary and middle schools may not add up to the figures for elementary and middle schools combined due to rounding.

For Elementary Schools, Middle Schools and Elementary and Middle Schools Combined: NYU Institute for Education and Social Policy, *2002-2003 Annual School Report*, SPSS 03CSD flat file converted from NYC Department of Education’s Annual School Report Access database. 2004.

For High Schools: NYU Institute for Education and Social Policy, *2002-2003 Annual School Report*, SPSS 03HS flat file converted from NYC Department of Education’s Annual School Report Access database. 2004.